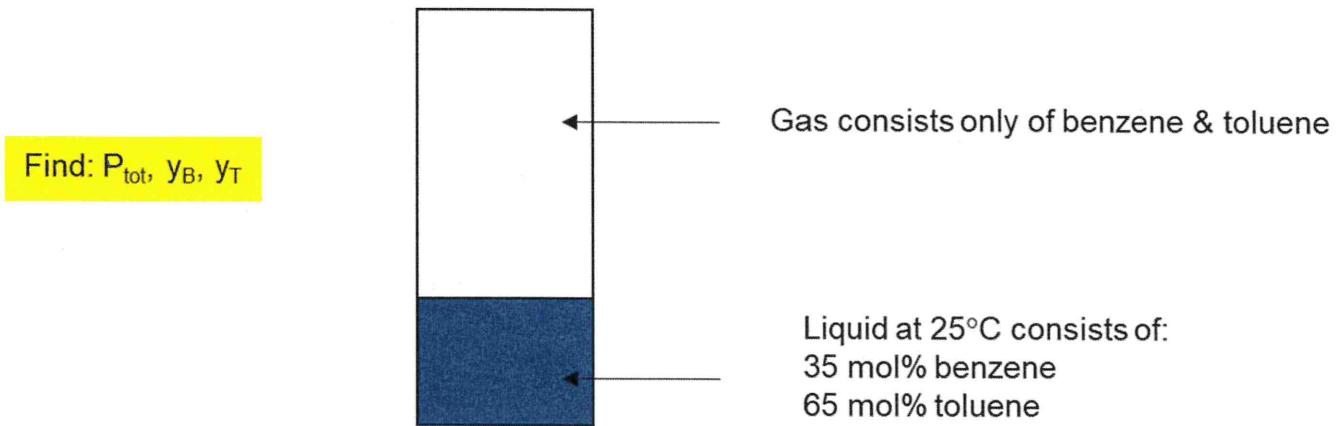


(1)

## Liquid composition known

### (i.e., Bubble Point)



Using Antoine equation, at 25°C

$$P^*_B = 95.1 \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$P^*_T = 28.5 \text{ mm Hg}$$

Raoult's Law for each species:

$$x_B P_B^* = y_B P_{\text{tot}} \rightarrow \text{solve for } y_B$$

$$x_T P_T^* = y_T P_{\text{tot}}$$

$$y_B = \frac{x_B P_B^*}{P_{\text{tot}}} \quad \text{wanted}$$

$$y_T = \frac{x_T P_T^*}{P_{\text{tot}}} \quad \downarrow$$

add

$$1 = (x_B P_B^* + x_T P_T^*) / P_{\text{tot}}$$

$$P_{\text{tot}} = x_B P_B^* + x_T P_T^*$$

$$= (.35)(95.1) + (.65)(28.5)$$

$$= 51.81 \text{ mm Hg}$$

(pretty low)

Now find  $y_i$ 's

$$y_B = \frac{x_B P_B^*}{P_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{(0.35)(95.1)}{51.81} = 0.642$$

$$y_T = 1 - .642 = 0.358$$

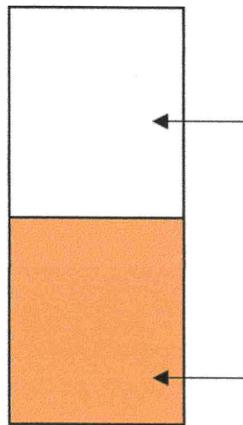
Vapor enhanced  
in benzene, which  
has the higher  
vapor pressure

(2)

## Gas composition known

### (i.e., Dew Point)

Find:  $T, x_B, x_T$



Gas at 2 atm (1520 mm Hg) consists of  
40 mol% benzene  
60 mol% toluene

Using Antoine equation, at guessed  $T$

$$P^*_B = ? \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$P^*_T = ? \text{ mm Hg}$$

Raoult's Law for each species:

$$X_B P_B^* = Y_B P_{\text{tot}}$$

$$X_T P_T^* = Y_T P_{\text{tot}}$$

Solve for  $x$ 's  
 $\Rightarrow$

$$X_B = \frac{Y_B P_{\text{tot}}}{P_B^*}$$

$$X_T = \frac{Y_T P_{\text{tot}}}{P_T^*}$$

add

$$1 = \frac{Y_B P_{\text{tot}}}{P_B^*} + \frac{Y_T P_{\text{tot}}}{P_T^*}$$

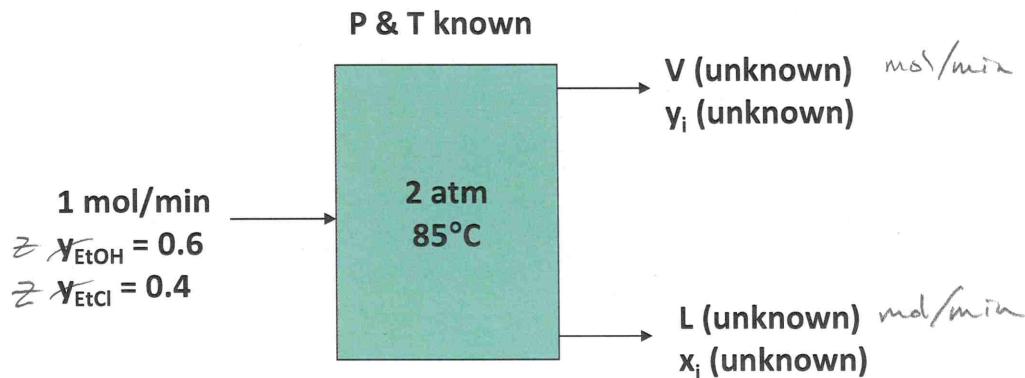
$$1 = \left( \frac{Y_B}{P_B^*} + \frac{Y_T}{P_T^*} \right) P_{\text{tot}}$$

### Strategy

- Guess  $T$
  - Find  $P_B^*, P_T^*$
  - See if equation is solved
- no
- yes
- find  $X_B$ ;  $X_T$

(3)

## Flash Calculation



Using Antoine equation, at 85°C

$$P^*_{\text{EtOH}} = 985.1 \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$P^*_{\text{EtCl}} = 6362.45 \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$P_{\text{tot}} = 2 \text{ atm} = 1520 \text{ mm Hg}$$

$$\text{Total Mole Balance: } I = V + L$$

$$\text{Balance on EtOH: } .6(I) = y_{\text{EtOH}} V + x_{\text{EtOH}} L$$

Raoult's Law for each species:

$$(y_{\text{EtOH}})(P_{\text{tot}}) = (x_{\text{EtOH}})(P^*_{\text{EtOH}})$$

$$(y_{\text{EtCl}})(P_{\text{tot}}) = (x_{\text{EtCl}})(P^*_{\text{EtCl}})$$

add

$$P_{\text{tot}} = x_{\text{EtOH}} P^*_{\text{EtOH}} + x_{\text{EtCl}} P^*_{\text{EtCl}}$$

$$P_{\text{tot}} = x_{\text{EtOH}} P^*_{\text{EtOH}} + (1 - x_{\text{EtOH}}) P^*_{\text{EtCl}} \quad | \text{ unknown}$$

$$(P_{\text{tot}} =) x_{\text{EtOH}}(P^*_{\text{EtOH}} - P^*_{\text{EtCl}}) + P^*_{\text{EtCl}}$$

$$\frac{P_{\text{tot}} - P^*_{\text{EtCl}}}{P^*_{\text{EtOH}} - P^*_{\text{EtCl}}} = x_{\text{EtOH}} = \frac{1520 - 6362.45}{985 - 6362.45} = 0.90$$

$$\text{so } x_{\text{EtCl}} = 0.1$$

$$y_{\text{EtOH}} = \frac{(0.9)(985.1)}{1520} = 0.584$$

Now do material balances

$$\begin{aligned} I &= V + L \\ .6 &= .584V + .9L \\ .9 &= .9V + .9L \\ .3 &= .316V \\ V &= .949 \quad L = .051 \end{aligned}$$