

Homework #6, part a

for Stoichiometry, SR=1.0

Take a basis of 1 mole of C3H8

	moles	C3H8 + 5O2 ==> 3 CO2 + 4 H2O		
C3H8	1			
O2	5			
N2	18.81			

For SR=	0.9	y_i	MW_i	y_i*MW_i
C3H8	1	0.044586	44	1.961783
O2	4.5	0.200637	32	6.420382
N2	16.92857	0.754777	28	21.13376
Tot	22.42857	1	MW_avg=	29.5

Initial pressure = 5 psig, but = 1.340136 atm

Initial temperature = 298 K

Initial density = 1.62 g/lit

Initial volume= 5 lit

Initial mass = 8.088732 g

Final MW (from Nasa-Lewis code)= 2261 K

Final MW (from Nasa-Lewis code)= 27.727 g/gmol

Final density = 0.20 0.20028 (from printout)

Volume expansion = 8.08 8.077423 (from printout)

Final volume = 40.40 liters

		MW		
*Ar	0.00837	39.95	0.334382	
*CO	0.03345	28	0.9366	
*CO2	0.09167	44	4.03348	
*H	0.00069	1	0.00069	
*H2	0.01032	2	0.02064	
H2O	0.1549	18	2.7882	
*NO	0.00063	30	0.0189	
*N2	0.69768	28	19.53504	
*O	0.00007	16	0.00112	
*OH	0.00176	17	0.02992	
*O2	0.00046	32	0.01472	
				27.71369

Combustion Homework #7, part b

Initial density = 1.62 g/lit (from part a)

Results of NASA-lewis predictions at different pressures

P (psia)	150	160	170	180
P (atm)	10.2	10.9	11.6	12.2
T (K)	2279.9	2280.2	2280.54	2281.09 (unchanging!)
MW	27.764	27.764	27.765	27.766 (unchanging!)
Dens (g/lit)	1.514473	1.615225	1.715983	1.816551

$$\text{density} = m/V = P1 \cdot MW1 / (R \cdot T1) = P2 \cdot MW2 / (R \cdot T2)$$

$$\text{So } P2/P1 = (MW1/MW2) \cdot (T2/T1)$$

P2/P1=	8.13	P2=	10.90134 atm
T2/T1=	7.65	T2=	2280.2 K

Equation for density=

$$\text{dens} = 0.0101 \cdot P(\text{psia}) + 0.004$$

So, when density = 1.62 g/lit

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 159.78 \text{ psia} \\ &= 10.869 \text{ atm} \end{aligned}$$

From multiple iterations, P= 160.4 psia (using density from printout)
 11.059 bar
 10.91 atm

