

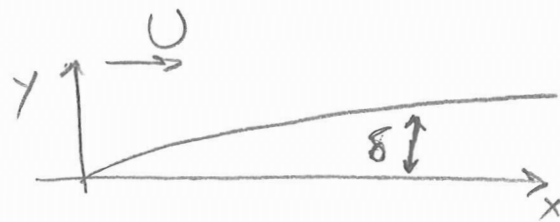
Boundary - Layer Eqs - Flat Plate.

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \nu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$BC \quad y=0 \rightarrow u=v=0$$

$$y=\infty \rightarrow u=U$$



Similarity

- No preferred length
- If Scale u by U , y by δ , then the profile looks the same at all x locations.

$$\text{Then } \frac{u}{U} = f\left(\frac{y}{\delta}\right) = f(\eta)$$

$$\eta = \frac{y}{\delta} = y \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}}$$

$$\frac{\delta}{L} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{Re}} \rightarrow \delta = \sqrt{\frac{L\nu}{U}} \quad ; \quad L \text{ is } x$$

$$* \textcircled{1} \quad u = U f\left(y \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}}\right) = U f(\eta)$$

$$du = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} dx + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} dy$$

$$du = U \left[\frac{df}{d\eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} dx + \frac{df}{d\eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} dy \right]$$

$$du = U \frac{df}{d\eta} \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{y}{x} \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}} dx + \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}} dy \right]$$

$$* \textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = -U \frac{df}{d\eta} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \frac{y}{x} \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}}$$

$$* \textcircled{3} \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = U \frac{df}{d\eta} \sqrt{\frac{U}{\nu x}}$$

$$* \textcircled{4} \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \frac{U^2}{\nu x} \frac{d^2 f}{d\eta^2}$$

Sub These into the Main Eqn.

Use Continuity to get v

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = \frac{U y}{2x} \sqrt{\frac{U}{x y}} \frac{df}{d\eta}$$

$$\partial v = \frac{U y}{2x} \sqrt{\frac{U}{x y}} \frac{df}{d\eta} \partial y$$

$$; \quad y = \eta \sqrt{\frac{x y}{U}}$$

$$\partial y = \sqrt{\frac{x y}{U}} \partial \eta$$

$$\partial v = \frac{U}{2x} \frac{df}{d\eta} \cancel{\partial y} \cdot \eta \sqrt{\frac{x y}{U}}$$

$$\partial v = \frac{U \eta}{2x} \sqrt{\frac{x y}{U}} df$$

$$\int \rightarrow v = \frac{U}{2} \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} \int \eta df$$

$$\int u dv = u v - \int v du$$

$$v = \frac{U}{2} \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} \left(\eta f - \int f d\eta \right)$$

$$\text{let } g = \int f d\eta \rightarrow f = g' \rightarrow f' = g'' \rightarrow f'' = g'''$$

$$*^{(4)} \quad v = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{U y}{x}} (\eta g' - g)$$

Sub into Mom Eq

$$- U g' \left(\frac{1}{2x} \sqrt{\frac{U}{x y}} g'' \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{U y}{x}} (\eta g' - g) U g'' \sqrt{\frac{U}{x y}} = \frac{U^2}{x y} g'''$$

$$y = \eta \sqrt{\frac{x y}{U}}$$

$$- \frac{U^2}{2x} \eta g'' + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{U^2}{x} (\eta g' - g) g'' = \frac{U^2}{x} g'''$$

$$- \cancel{\eta g' g''} + \cancel{\eta g' g''} - g g'' = 2 g'''$$

$$*^{(6)} \quad \boxed{g g'' + 2 g''' = 0} \quad \boxed{g = g(\eta);}$$

①

$$\text{BC: } y=0 \rightarrow u=0 \rightarrow \eta=0, f=g'=1$$

⑤

$$\text{BC: } y=\infty \rightarrow v=0 \rightarrow \eta=\infty, g=0$$

①

$$\text{BC: } y=\infty \rightarrow u=0, \eta=\infty, f=g'=1$$

Now Solve

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$$\begin{cases} g g'' + 2 g''' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\eta=0 \quad g'=0$$

$$\eta=0 \quad g=0$$

$$\eta=\infty \quad g'=1$$

$$\text{let } h = g' \rightarrow g'' = h', \quad g''' = h''$$

$$\begin{cases} g h' + 2 h'' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} g' = h \end{cases}$$

$$\text{let } k = h' \rightarrow h'' = k'$$

$$\begin{cases} g h' + 2 k' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} g' = h \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} h' = k \end{cases}$$

$$\text{or } g k + 2 k' = 0$$

$$g' = h$$

$$h' = k$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} k' = -\frac{1}{2} g k \\ h' = k \\ g' = h \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\eta=0, \quad h=0$$

$$g=0$$

$$\eta=\infty \quad h=1$$

Guess $k(\eta=0)$

Solve $\rightarrow h(\eta=\infty)$

repeat to converge $h(\eta=\infty) = 1$

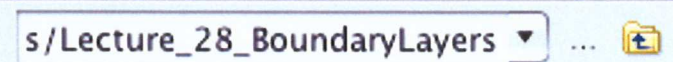
$$\boxed{\frac{u}{U} = h(\eta)}$$

Use a shooting method w/ Newton's method.

$$\text{Converge } F(k_0) = h_\infty - 1 = 0$$

(Plug in k_0 , get out $h(\eta=\infty)$; solve root $F(k_0) = 0$)

File Edit Debug Parallel Desktop Window Help

 s/Lecture_28_BoundaryLayers ... Shortcuts  How to Add  What's New New to MATLAB? Watch this [Video](#), see [Demos](#), or read [Getting Started](#). 

>> bbl

kg =

0

kg =

0.100002083321851

kg =

0.283627555985008

kg =

0.330761625044068

kg =

0.332042293290865

kg =

0.332043118116658

kg =

0.332043118116586

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