

## ASSIGNMENT #12

**6.30** A specimen of ductile cast iron having a rectangular cross section of dimensions 4.8 mm x 15.9mm (3/16 in. x 5/8 in.) is deformed in tension. Use the load–elongation characteristics shown in the following table to complete parts (a) through (f).

<b>Load</b>		<b>Length</b>	
<b>N</b>	<b>lbf</b>	<b>mm</b>	<b>in.</b>
0	0	75.000	2.953
4,740	1,065	75.025	2.954
9,140	2,055	75.050	2.955
12,920	2,900	75.075	2.956
16,540	3,720	75.113	2.957
18,300	4,110	75.150	3.959
20,170	4,530	75.225	2.962
22,900	5,145	75.375	2.968
25,070	5,635	75.525	2.973
26,800	6,025	75.750	2.982
28,640	6,440	76.500	3.012
30,240	6,800	78.000	3.071
31,100	7,000	79.500	3.130
31,280	7,030	81.000	3.189
30,820	6,930	82.500	3.248
29,180	6,560	84.000	3.307
27,190	6,110	85.500	3.366
24,140	5,430	87.000	3.425
18,970	4,265	88.725	3.493
	Fracture		

- (a) Plot the data as engineering stress versus engineering strain.
- (b) Compute the modulus of elasticity.
- (c) Determine the yield strength at a strain offset of 0.002.
- (d) Determine the tensile strength of this alloy.
- (e) Compute the modulus of resilience.
- (f) What is the approximate ductility, in percent elongation?

- 6.42** A tensile test is performed on a metal specimen, and it is found that a true plastic strain of 0.20 is produced when a true stress of 575 MPa (83,500 psi) is applied; for the same metal, the value of  $K$  in Equation 6.19 is 860 MPa (125,000 psi). Calculate the true strain that results from the application of a true stress of 600 MPa (87,000 psi).
- 6.50** A steel alloy specimen having a rectangular cross section of dimensions 12.7 mm  $\times$  6.4 mm (0.5 in.  $\times$  0.25 in.) has the stress–strain behavior shown in Figure 6.22. This specimen is subjected to a tensile force of 38,000 N (8,540 lb<sub>f</sub>).
- (a) Determine the elastic and plastic strain values.
  - (b) If its original length is 460 mm (18.0 in.), what will be its final length after the load in part (a) is applied and then released?
- 6.51** (a) A 10-mm-diameter Brinell hardness indenter produced an indentation 1.62 mm in diameter in a steel alloy when a load of 500 kg was used. Compute the HB of this material.
- (b) What will be the diameter of an indentation to yield a hardness of 450 HB when a 500-kg load is