

Lecture 17 - Programming with Excel

* Prayer / spiritual thought

* announcement

* Unit of the day:

$$1 \text{ gal} = 3.785 \text{ L}$$

(a liter is a little more than a quart)

I. Macros and VBA.

* Sometimes you want to automate a task.

In Excel you can do this by recording a Macro

* Enable Macros:

- File → Options → Customize Ribbon → ☒ Developer
- Save sheet as a .xlsm (macro-enabled workbook)

Example

- Record a macro to format a table.
- Show how to record & run the macro.

See file:
Toluene-Heat-
Capacity.xlsm

* Macros are actually computer-written code in a language called "Visual Basic for Applications" or VBA for short.

(Visual Basic is a programming language written and maintained by Microsoft. VBA is a form of visual basic used for writing macros inside office applications.)

* VBA code can be accessed from the developer ribbon

↳ "Visual Basic" Button

* VBA code can also be accessed by "editing" a macro.

* VBA is a programming language, like Python, and it can be used to write subroutines / macros and Excel functions. This makes Excel much more powerful!

* Elements of VBA Language

• See handout:

- comments
- variables
- conditionals
- arrays
- loops
- subroutines
- functions

Briefly cover the handout.

→ Expect students will be familiar with where to go to learn more about VBA.

Example

- Use trapezoidal rule to do a quadrature of the $C_p(T)$ data to find an enthalpy
- write a "trapz" function to do this.

see file:

Toluene - Heat
- Capacity.xlsx

III. Excel and Python

* Sometimes you have something that is hard to do in Excel or Python alone.

* The "xlwings" module allows one to interface the two.

* xlwings basics

• see handout :

- import xlwings
- get/push data from/to Excel from Python
- manipulating arrays
- plots

* running python from VBA.

Example :

- Fit a cubic spline to the heat capacity data
- Make a plot & import it to Excel.
- write a subroutine to use a spline from python to interpolate a data point.

see file :

Toluene -

Heat -

Capacity.xlsm