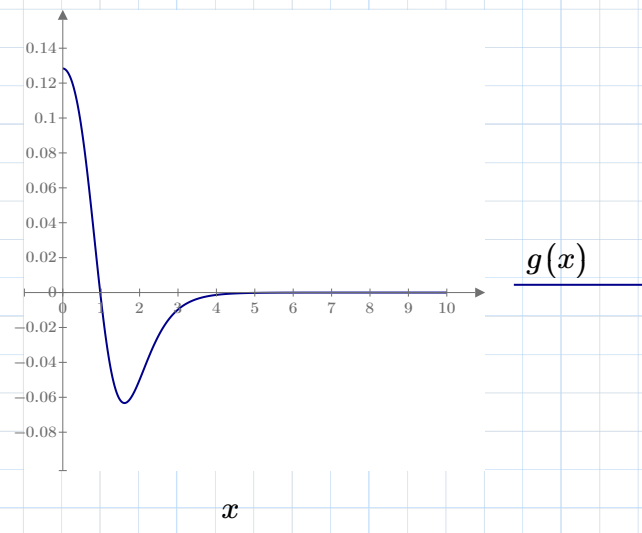


Lecture 23 Practice - Calculus and ODEs

- (a) Let $f(x) = \operatorname{erf}(x) - \tanh(x)$ where $\operatorname{erf}(x)$ is the error function. Symbolically evaluate the derivative of $f(x)$ and plot the resulting function for $x = 0$ to 10 .

$$f(x) := \operatorname{erf}(x) - \tanh(x)$$

$$g(x) := f'(x) \rightarrow \tanh(x)^2 + \frac{2 \cdot e^{-x^2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} - 1$$



- (b) Symbolically evaluate the Laplace transform of $\sin(at)$ and $\sinh(at)$, where a Laplace transform is given by:

$$F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-s \cdot t} dt$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \sin(a \cdot t) e^{-s \cdot t} dt \rightarrow \frac{a}{a^2 + s^2} + \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} - \frac{e^{-(s \cdot t)} \cdot (a \cdot \cos(a \cdot t) + s \cdot \sin(a \cdot t))}{a^2 + s^2}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \sinh(a \cdot t) e^{-s \cdot t} dt \rightarrow \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} - \left(\frac{e^{a \cdot t - s \cdot t}}{2 \cdot a - 2 \cdot s} + \frac{e^{-(a \cdot t) - s \cdot t}}{2 \cdot a + 2 \cdot s} \right) - \frac{1}{2 \cdot a + 2 \cdot s} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot a - 2 \cdot s}$$

- (c) Use numerical integration to find the value of y at $t=3$, given that,

$$y'(t) = -3 \cdot t^2$$

$$y(0) = 4$$

$$4 + \int_0^3 -3 \cdot t^2 dt = -23$$

- (d) Use a solve block to solve the ODE for $y(t)$ in the range of $t=0,3$

$$y'(t) = -3 \cdot t^2$$

$$y(0) = 4$$

Plot your answer. Does it agree with part c?

Solver	$y'(t) = -3 \cdot t^2$
	$y(0) = 4$
	$y := \text{odesolve}(y(t), 3)$

$$y(3) = -23$$

Yep, agrees with (c).

