

Lecture 15 - Scipy Root Finding

* Quiz / Prayer

I. Scipy Root Finding Tools

II. Solving Engineering Problems

I. Scipy Root Finding

Scipy - Scientific Python

↳ optimize

import scipy

import scipy.optimize as opt

$x_{\text{soln}} = \text{opt.root}(f, x_{\text{guess}}).x$

↑ solution

function call to scipy

function I will define

guess

return
root → dictionary
x: []
or: []
...
: []

- comments:

- The function f needs to be defined using def.

Good:

```
def f(x):  
    return x**2
```

Bad:

```
f = x**2
```

- The function f can be a vector function
↳ multiple equations / unknowns

Good:

def f(x):

$$z = x[0]$$

$$y = x[1]$$

$$eq0 = z * y$$

$$eq1 = y ** z$$

return np.array([eq0, eq1])

Bad

def f(x, y):

return x * y, y * x

Activity

II. Solving Engineering NLEs

* Solve NLE in Engineering we have additional issues to work with.

(0) $\frac{\Delta P}{\rho g} = \frac{v^2}{2g} \left(\frac{4Lf}{D} \right)$

(1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = 4 \log_{10} (Re \sqrt{f}) - 0.4$

(2) $Re = \frac{\rho v D}{\mu}$

knowns: $\rho, g, \mu, v, L, \Delta P$ $\Leftarrow$ know speed, pressure loss

unknowns: Re, D, f solve for D

(1) Units

- Be consistent $\rightarrow$ Eng. / SI
- dimensionless

(2) Converting to vector notation

(residual form $\underline{f}(\underline{x}) = 0$)

$$f_0 = 0 = \frac{\Delta P}{\rho g} + \frac{v^2}{2g} \left(\frac{4x_1}{x_0} \right)$$

$$x_0 = D/L$$

$$x_1 = f$$

$$f_1 = 0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_1}} - 4 \log_{10}(x_2 \sqrt{x_1}) + 0.4 \quad x_2 = Re$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_2 = 0 &= x_2 - \frac{\rho v L}{\mu} \\ &= x_2 - \frac{\rho v L}{\mu} x_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{f}(\underline{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\Delta P}{\rho g} + \frac{v^2}{2g} \left(\frac{4x_1}{x_0} \right) \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_1}} - 4 \log_{10}(x_2 \sqrt{x_1}) + 0.4 \\ x_2 - \frac{\rho v L}{\mu} x_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{def } \underline{f}(\underline{x}):$$

$$x_0 = x[0]$$

⋮

(3) Getting root to converge

- Good guess $\rightarrow$ plot

$\hookrightarrow$ * Physical Intuition

D : a few inches or less (lin., 0.25 in)

$$f: \frac{16}{Re}, 10^{-3}$$

- even w/ a good guess $\rightarrow$ doesn't always converge.

- Try substituting $\rightarrow$ reduce # Eo's & unknowns
- Get rid of $\exp, \log \leftarrow$ Thermo
- Can provide an analytical Jacobian

(root uses numerical Jacobian)

$$x = \text{opt. root}(f, x_{\text{guess}}, \underbrace{\text{jac} = J}) \cdot x$$

```
def J(x):
    :
    return np.array([[  $\frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x_0}$  ...  $\frac{\partial f_0}{\partial x_{n-1}}$  ],
                     [  $\frac{\partial f_{n-1}}{\partial x_0}$  ...  $\frac{\partial f_{n-1}}{\partial x_{n-1}}$  ]])
```