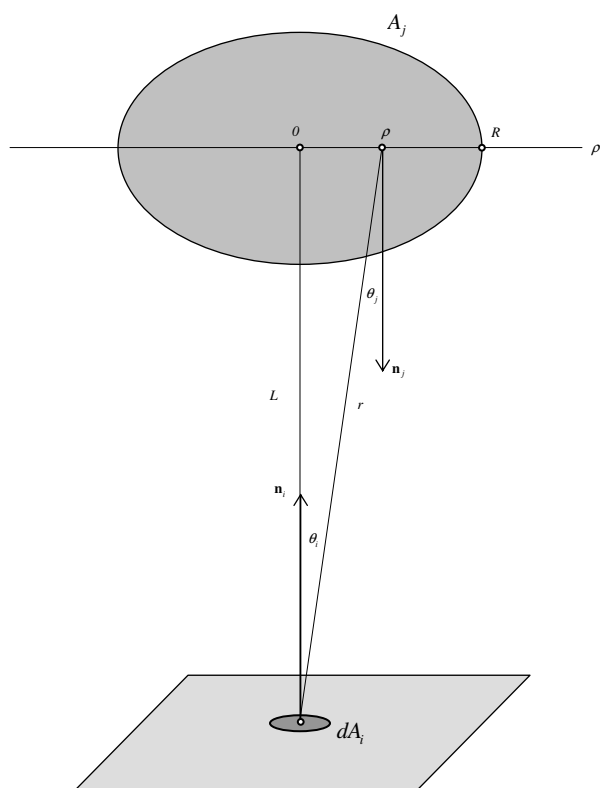
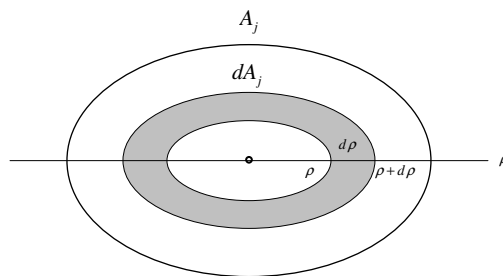
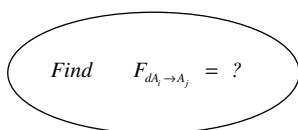


Example 13.1 View factor of differential area to a disk



areas A_j and dA_i are in the parallel planes

normal vectors $\mathbf{n}_i$ and $\mathbf{n}_j$ are parallel



$$dA_j = \pi(\rho + d\rho)^2 - \pi\rho^2 = \cancel{\pi\rho^2} + 2\pi\rho d\rho + \pi \overbrace{(d\rho)^2}^{<< d\rho} - \cancel{\pi\rho^2} = 2\pi\rho d\rho$$

$$\theta_i = \theta_j = \theta$$

$$r^2 = \rho^2 + L^2$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{L}{r}$$

$$\cos^2\theta = \frac{L^2}{r^2} = \frac{L^2}{\rho^2 + L^2}$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = \int_{A_j} \frac{\cos\theta_i \cdot \cos\theta_j}{\pi r^2} \cdot dA_j \quad (13.00)$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = 2 \int_{\rho=0}^R \frac{L^2}{r^2 + L^2} \frac{1}{\rho^2 + L^2} \rho d\rho$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = 2L^2 \int_{\rho=0}^R \frac{1}{[\rho^2 + L^2]^2} \rho d\rho$$

u-substitution:

$$u = \rho^2 + L^2$$

$$du = 2\rho d\rho$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = L^2 \int_{u=L^2}^{L^2+R^2} \frac{1}{u^2} du$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = L^2 \left[-\frac{1}{u} \right]_{L^2}^{L^2+R^2} = -L^2 \left[\frac{1}{L^2+R^2} - \frac{1}{L^2} \right] = \left[\frac{R^2}{L^2+R^2} \right] = \frac{R^2}{L^2+R^2}$$

$$F_{dA_i \rightarrow A_j} = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{L}{R}\right)^2}$$