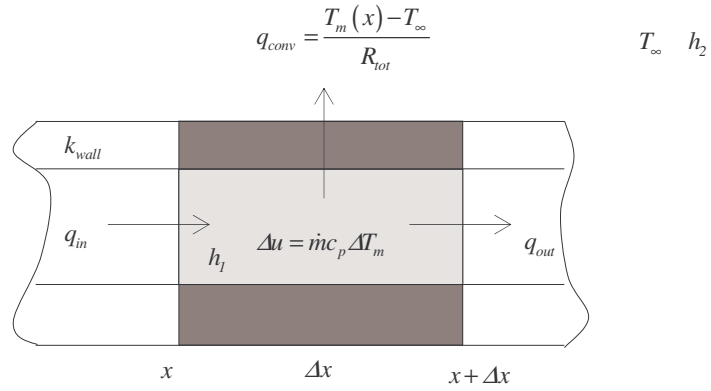


Derivation of the equation (8.45):

Energy balance for c.v.:



$$q_{out} - q_{in} = \dot{m}c_p [T_m(x + \Delta x) - T_m(x)] = \dot{m}c_p \Delta T_m = -\frac{T_m(x) - T_\infty}{R_{tot}}$$

Thermal resistance:

$$R_{tot} = R_{l,conv} + R_{wall} + R_{2,conv}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{h_l \left(\underbrace{2\pi r_l \Delta x}_{\Delta A_l} \right)} + \frac{\ln \frac{r_2}{r_l}}{k_w (2\pi \Delta x)} + \frac{1}{h_2 \left(\underbrace{2\pi r_2 \Delta x}_{\Delta A_l} \right)} \\ &= \frac{1}{\underbrace{2\pi r_l}_{P_l} \Delta x} \left[\underbrace{\frac{1}{h_l} + \frac{r_l}{k_w} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_l} + \frac{r_l}{r_2} \frac{1}{h_2}}_{\text{denote as } U_l} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{P_l U_l \Delta x} \\ \frac{1}{U_l(x)} &= \frac{1}{h_l} + \frac{r_l}{k_w} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_l} + \frac{r_l}{r_2} \frac{1}{h_2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{m}c_p \Delta T_m = -P_l U_l \Delta x (T_m - T_\infty)$$

$$\dot{m}c_p \frac{\Delta T_m}{\Delta x} = -P_l U_l (T_m - T_\infty)$$

$$\frac{\Delta T_m}{\Delta x} = -\frac{P_l U_l}{\dot{m}c_p} (T_m - T_\infty) \quad \Delta x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\frac{dT_m}{dx} = -\frac{P_l U_l}{\dot{m}c_p} (T_m - T_\infty) \quad T_m(0) = T_i$$

$$\frac{d(T_m - T_\infty)}{dx} + \frac{P_l U_l(x)}{\dot{m}c_p} (T_m - T_\infty) = 0 \quad T_m(0) - T_\infty = T_i - T_\infty$$

Integrating factor (see Table with Linear ODE):

$$\mu = e^{\int_0^x \frac{P_l U_l(x)}{\dot{m}c_p} dx} = e^{\frac{P_l}{\dot{m}c_p} \int_0^x U_l(x) dx} = e^{\frac{P_l x}{\dot{m}c_p} \frac{\int_0^x U_l(x) dx}{x}} = e^{\frac{P_l x}{\dot{m}c_p} \bar{U}_l(x)}$$

$$T_m(x) = T_\infty + (T_i - T_\infty) e^{-\frac{P_l \bar{U}_l(x)}{\dot{m}c_p} x}$$

mean temperature profile

$$T_o = T_\infty + (T_i - T_\infty) e^{-\frac{P_l \bar{U}_l(L)}{\dot{m}c_p} L}$$

outlet temperature

(This has to be inspected):

$$\frac{1}{\bar{U}_l(x)} = \frac{1}{h_l} + \frac{r_l}{k_w} \ln \frac{r_2}{r_l} + \frac{r_l}{r_2} \frac{1}{h_2}$$

$\bar{U}_l(x)$ is averaged if $\bar{h}_l$ and $\bar{h}_2$ are averaged