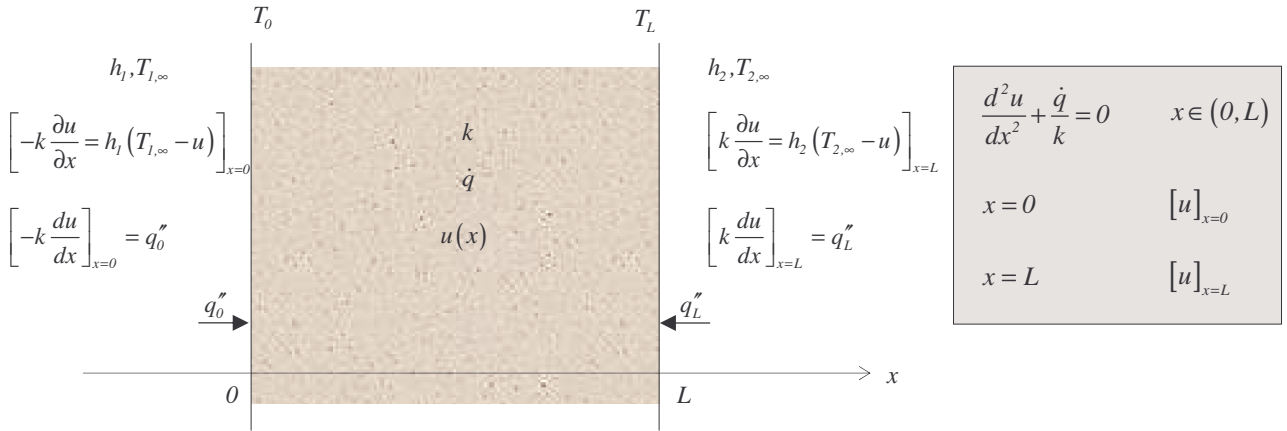
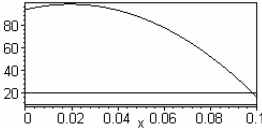


Steady State Conduction in the Plane Wall with Uniform Heat Generation



Boundary Conditions	Solution	Plot temperature for:
$\left[-k \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = h_1 (T_{l,\infty} - u) \right]_{x=0}$ $\left[k \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = h_2 (T_{2,\infty} - u) \right]_{x=L}$	$u(x)$ <i>temperature distribution</i> $q''(x) = -k \frac{\partial u(x)}{\partial x}$ <i>heat flux</i>	$L = 0.1$ $k = 20$ $T_0 = T_l = T_{l,\infty} = 10$ $h_1 = 100$ $T_L = T_2 = T_{2,\infty} = 20$ $h_2 = 200$ $\dot{q} = 200000$ $q_0'' = -12000$ $q_L'' = -10000$
D $[u]_{x=0} = T_0$ D $[u]_{x=L} = T_L$	$u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + \left(\frac{T_2 - T_l}{L} + \frac{\dot{q}L}{2k} \right) x + T_l$ $q''(x) = \dot{q} \left(x - \frac{L}{2} \right) + k \frac{T_l - T_2}{L}$	
N $[u']_{x=0} = -q_0''/k$ $[-ku']_{x=0} = q_0''$ D $[u]_{x=L} = T_L$	Kevin Jeffs	
D $[u]_{x=0} = T_0$ N $[u']_{x=L} = q_L''/k$ $[-ku']_{x=L} = -q_L''$	Kevin Jeffs James Hall	
N $[u']_{x=0} = -q_0''/k$ $[-ku']_{x=0} = q_0''$ N $[u']_{x=L} = q_L''/k$ $[-ku']_{x=L} = -q_L''$	<i>Ill-set Boundary Value problem</i>	

D $[u]_{x=0} = T_0$ R $[ku' + h_2u]_{x=L} = h_2T_{2,\infty}$	$u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + \left[\frac{h_2(T_{2,\infty} - T_0) + \dot{q}L\left(\frac{h_2L}{2k} + 1\right)}{k + h_2L} \right] x + T_0$ $q''(x) = \dot{q}x - k \left[\frac{h_2(T_{2,\infty} - T_0) + \dot{q}L\left(\frac{h_2L}{2k} + 1\right)}{k + h_2L} \right]$	<i>Justin Baker</i>
N $[u']_{x=0} = -q_0''/k$ R $[ku' + h_2u = h_2T_{2,\infty}]_{x=L}$	$u(x) = \dot{q}\left(\frac{L^2}{2k} + \frac{L}{h_2} - \frac{x^2}{2k}\right) + q_0''\left(\frac{L}{k} + \frac{1}{h_2} - \frac{x}{k}\right) + T_{2,\infty}$ $u(x) = \frac{\dot{q}}{2k}(L^2 - x^2) + \frac{q_0''}{k}(L - x) + \frac{1}{h_2}(q_0'' + \dot{q}L) + T_{2,\infty}$ $q''(x) = \dot{q}x + q_0''$	<i>Ryan Lewis</i> <i>Matthew Bloxham</i>
R $[-ku' + h_lu = h_lT_{l,\infty}]_{x=0}$ D $[u]_{x=L} = T_L$	$u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + h_l \left(\frac{\frac{\dot{q}L^2}{2k} + T_0 - T_{l,\infty}}{k + Lh_l} \right) x + \frac{\frac{\dot{q}L^2}{2} + kT_0 + h_lL}{k + Lh_l}$ $u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + \frac{1}{\frac{k}{h_l} + L} \left(\frac{T_L L}{2k} - \dot{q}L^2 - T_l \right) x +$ $+ T_l - \frac{k}{h_l} \frac{1}{\frac{k}{h_l} + L} \left(\frac{T_L L}{2k} - \dot{q}L^2 - T_l \right)$ $q''(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x}{k} + \frac{1}{\frac{k}{h_l} + L} \left(\frac{T_L L}{2k} - \dot{q}L^2 - T_l \right)$	<i>Kevin Jeffs</i> <i>Curtis Memory</i> 
R $[-ku' + h_lu = h_lT_{l,\infty}]_{x=0}$ N $[u']_{x=L} = q_L''/k$	$u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + \frac{q_L'' + \dot{q}L}{k} x + \frac{q_L'' + \dot{q}L}{h_l} + T_{l,\infty}$ $q''(x) = \dot{q}(x - L) - q_L''$	<i>Justin Baker</i> <i>Ryan Lewis</i>
R $[-ku' + h_lu = h_lT_{l,\infty}]_{x=0}$ R $[ku' + h_2u = h_2T_{2,\infty}]_{x=L}$	$u(x) = -\frac{\dot{q}x^2}{2k} + c_1x + c_2$ $q''(x) = \dot{q}x + c_1$ $c_1 = \frac{T_{2,\infty} - T_{l,\infty} + \dot{q}L\left(\frac{1}{h_2} + \frac{L}{2k}\right)}{L + \left(\frac{1}{h_l} + \frac{1}{h_2}\right)k}$ $c_2 = \frac{\frac{\dot{q}L}{h_l}\left(\frac{k}{h_2} + \frac{L}{2}\right) + k\left(\frac{T_{2,\infty}}{h_l} + \frac{T_{l,\infty}}{h_2}\right) + T_{l,\infty}L}{L + \left(\frac{1}{h_l} + \frac{1}{h_2}\right)k}$	